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THE TEXAS GAZETTE.

"WHERE LIGHT IS, THERE IS LIBERTY"—"WHERE LIBERTY DWELLS, THERE IS MY COUNTRY"

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY **GODWIN BROWN COTTEN**, *AT* **$6** *PER ANNUM*

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TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

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AGENTS:

McKinstry & Austin,	*Brazoria.*
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George Orr,	*Trinity.*
Col Green De Witt,	*Gonzales.*
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The Hon. J. Dutton,	*Iberville, La.*
Andrew Marschalk,	*Natchez, Miss.*
T. Devalcourt,	*Attakapas*

FOREIGN.

FALL OF ALGIERS.

The following extract of a letter was furnished us by a gentleman of this city after the issuing of our extra. It is from his correspondent at Havana, and dated,

August 3.

You will have learned from the papers of the city that Algiers was taken by the French on the 18th June, after a most sanguinary attack. The bombardment lasted thirty hours, the city, reduced to ashes, was occupied by the French, who, however, lost 7000 men before getting possession of it, but the loss of the enemy was double that number. The Dey, driven to his last entrenchments, demanded to capitulate. The articles of capitulation were settled by the French general; and it is said that the Algerines are for the future to be tributary to France, and to pay thirty millions of francs every year, the expenses of the war, &c., and the French to occupy a fortress to be selected by themselves. The rest of the news requires confirmation.

The above important news was received at Havana, by a vessel just arrived at that port in thirty days from Cadiz. It is to be relied on in the main. [*N. Orleans Argus.*

We are indebted to the politeness of the editor of *El Espanol* for the loan of the Havana *Noticioso Mercantil* of the 2d August, from which we extract the following:

Madrid, June 25, 1830.

Telegraphic communications received at Paris on the 16th of this month, state that the French troops disembarked at Torreta Chica, four leagues west of Algiers on the 14th, and took possession of the highlands, in front on the peninsula. The division commanded by the [illegible] general Bethezene, after obliging the [illegible] to abandon the position they occupied, [illegible] possession of a battery of nine pieces of [illegible], and two mortars.

[illegible] squadron is anchored at Torreta Chica. This news agrees with that received by courier, and so results to which we learned the debarkment of the first division of the French had been made near Torretta Chica, during the night of the 13th to the 14th, without being perceived by the Moors, who abandoned in the early part of the evening a battery that had been fired on the French squadron, because its ammunition had hausted. The [illegible] of the 14th, the Algerines plant[illegible] battalions [illegible] position occu[illegible] the French who took possession of [illegible] and marched to disperse that part of the mountains commanding the sufferings [illegible] nis, had

Havana, August 6, 1830.

A gentleman of this city has received a letter from Cadiz of the 1st July, which corroborates the news which we published above, and continues as follows:

It is stated, that agreeably to the report of a reaptam made to the *Capitania del Puerto* that the French entered Algiers on the 18th, amidst a most terrible slaughter and surrounded by the Beduins and Algerines, the action lasted all the day and continued to some time in the night. On the 19th, the French remained in possession of the place.

The editor of *El Espagnol* has also favored us with the following extract of a letter, dated,

August 3.

On the 1st instant, arrived at this port, the packet from the Peninsula in 30 days passage. She brings the pleasing intelligence of the occupation of Algiers by the French, on the 19th of June, after a dreadful battle. At Cadiz as well as here, every body feels the greatest joy at the triumph obtained by humanity, over those most abominable barbarians.

Admiral Laborde arrived here on the 31st. He comes from Hayti, where he had gone on a mission of the highest importance. His arrival occasioned the arrest of a mulatto tailor, named Leandro Varona, and several other individuals of the same class. They have all been imprisoned without the least communication. Verona had already been one arrested in the conspiracy of 1823.

LATEST FROM FRANCE.

The packet ship Erie, capt. Funk, arrived at New-York on the 5th inst. with Havre papers to the 16th June, and Paris to the 15th. Upon a hasty perusal of what we can discover nothing of much interest to our readers.

PARIS, June 14.—We learn from Tangiers by accounts of the 12th ult that a Tuscan vessel, being becalmed off the shore of the province of Riff, the Moors flocked in thousands to the coast, got into their boats, and boarded the ship, and took possession of her. The crew were so fortunate as to escape in their own boat.

We learn from Smyrna that Admiral de Rigny left that port on the 5th ult. for Egina, where he expected dispatches from Constantinople. The Armide frigate accompanied the Conquerant man of war. She then sailed for Toulon. There are now at Smyrna only three or four brigs of war, to represent France, England, Austria and Holland. The Russians have left there but one frigate.

A telegraphic dispatch from Toulon, June 13, mentions the re-assembling of the expedition, with the exception of two frigates, at Palma, on the 6th June.

The Moniteur of June 15, contains the following Royal Proclamation:—

"CHARLES, by the Grace of God, &c.

"Frenchmen!—The last Chamber of Deputies misconstrued my intentions. I had a right to reckon upon their concurrence with me in accomplishing the good I had in contemplation—they have refused it to me! As the father of my people, my heart was afflicted; as a King I felt myself insulted. I pronounced the dissolution of that Chamber.

Frenchmen—Your prosperity is my glory—your welfare is mine. At the moment when the Electoral Colleges are about to be opened at every point of my kingdom, you will listen to the voice of your king.

"To maintain the Constitutional Charter, the institutions it has founded, has been, and ever shall be, the object of my endeavors.

"But to obtain this end, I might so exercise freely, and cause respect to be shown to, & those sacred rights that are the appanage of my crown.

"In them exists the guarantee for public tranquillity and for your liberties. The nation of the Government we desire [illegible] (allerta), dead, the attack were [illegible] by my person, that [illegible] trust were [illegible]

"Under the protection [illegible] France has become [illegible] is indebted to it for [illegible] and industry. There is [illegible] needed any in other [illegible] things to aspire to, but the [illegible] advantage else many.

"Rely upon the [illegible] They are identified with [illegible] protect them with [illegible]

"Do not suffer yourselves [illegible] by the language of [illegible] to your repose. Reject all unworthy suspicions and unfounded fears, which would shake public confidence and [illegible] serious disorders. The [illegible] who propagate these alarms, whatever they may be, will answer before my throne and [illegible] Your country, your interests, shall not [illegible] more than your liberties. I watch with [illegible] over the one and the other.

"Electors! hasten to your Colleges [illegible] reëlections, like enough succeed, raise them at your presence! Let one sentiment animate you all—let one standard be your rallying point!

"It is your King who demands it of you, it is a father who calls upon you.

"Fulfil your duties—I will take care to fulfil mine.

"Given at our Palace of the Tuileries, June 13, A. D. 1830, and in the 6th year of our reign. (Signed) CHARLES."

The Moniteur likewise contains a Royal Ordinance [illegible] and the Code Penal. [illegible] with the above Proclamation, occupies all the columns of the official journal.

[*New York Courier and Enquirer.*

GREECE.

A letter from Belgrade mentions that accounts from Saglan, to the 15th of May, allude to disturbances which have again broken out in Rumelia, Macedonia and Albania, similar to those which took place some years ago. All the roads leading to those places were occupied by insurgents, who stopped and plundered the travellers when they met with. Similar outrages were committed even in the villages. The Porte, however, it appears, had taken prompt and energetic measures to restore order. These papers state that perfect tranquility prevailed at Adrianople, which was attributed to the perfect discipline of the numerous Turkish garrison. The cases of plague seemed to be gradually diminished.

SMYRNA.

May 1.—The Sultan has accepted without any variation the Protocol of the 3d of Feb. This was sent to the Admiral de Rigny in the course of the week, from the French Legation at Constantinople, by a French officer who was dispatched on purpose. As soon as the Reis Effendi had notified the acceptance to the Ambassadors of the Three Powers, the Russian Ambassador, M. de Ribeaupierre, immediately declared that he was authorised by his Sovereign, in contemplation of this event, to give to the Porte a million of ducats on the military contribution. Count Capo d'Istrge, to whom the Protocol was communicated by the three Residents, had sent to the Ambassadors at Constantinople, his assent, or rather his full and entire submission to the resolution to the powers.

TURKEY.

Accounts from Constantinople, dated 16th May, says, there is a great talk there of a *Hatti Scherif* which is about to appear, in which the Sultan is to invite the true believers not to be discouraged; to give an account of the

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Vol. I. [illegible] No. 21.

very few, private comfort and domestic comfort, devoted to Par Cobolo, one of the countries, a map found among them for pontural [illegible] city, the government of one half of the Timmanee country, and accordingly invested him with the horse tail, the insigna of royalty, but this delegation was made under restrictions. Par Tube retained as his prerogative, the right of determining all questions of importance—the adjustment of all state affairs—the declaration of war—the cessation of hostilities; and Par Cobolo was also bound by the same compact, to pay him a certain annual stipulation, not so much for its value, but to show their superiority, as related to his standing in the country.

Thus, thus settled and solemnly ratified by the whole Timmanee tribe, Par Tube retired to his country seat, to spend his days in peace; but little did he think, he had laid a foundation of discord, which would end in the almost universal destruction of his country. About ten years after this instalment of Par Cobolo, into the administration of government, he took in as his associate Ticla Moodie, a native of Foulah—a man of restless and warlike disposition. Bred in the Foulah camp, and brought up with the bow and spear in his hand, his restless disposition did not allow him to be long at ease, finding there existed some jealousy between the country over which he ruled, and the adjacent tribes, he soon found means to blow these coals of jealousy, into a flame.

And as the predominant feature in all African wars is plunder, to march his warriours to battle, he had only to assure them of the certainty of victory; (which he was not at all backward in doing,) and in a very short time led his army into the enemy's country, and commenced hostilities, and lamentable for the Timmanees; his arms were victorious. As plunder, [illegible] subjugation of these tribes were the objects of Ticklen Moodie in this war, but few lives were sacrifised, but every prisoner was doomed to slavery. His soldiers, according to African custom, were allowed [illegible] as much spoil as they could consistently with the duty they had to perform. Thus elated with success, and with the booty they had obtained, on their return home they celebrated Ticklen Moodie as the only person fit to sway the sceptre, and made no hesitation in complaining openly, that Par Tube was not a man fit to govern or be king of the country; that he was either a coward, or was fond of ease; that he cared not to extend the bounds of his country, or to give his subjects an opportunity of increasing their wealth. Ticklen Moodie anxious to throw off the yoke which he was under, availed himself of this opportunity of this discontent, and soon brought Par Cobolo to join in his schemes. Consequently all tribute was withheld. Palavers of the greatest importance were held and determined, without the knowledge of Par Tube, who, indignant at such daring breaches of almost solemn compact, [illegible] the chiefs in a general assembly, to know the meaning of such proceedings, who he was plainly told, that they preferred the government of Ticklen Moodie and Par Cobolo. In vain did he remonstrate against such strange proceedings, they puzzled him by their choice as he did against [illegible] arrangements and remonstrances. [illegible] his only alternative, was to [illegible] arms.

Ticklen Moodie, [illegible] with the [illegible] a formidable and savage people, with whom, [illegible] a few instances, who [illegible] manful, he marched to subdue [illegible] to reduce them to [illegible] submission as determined [illegible] and [illegible] he was doubtless [illegible] A battle ensued, the [illegible] country [illegible] short time [illegible] blood—[illegible] with hundreds of his followers [illegible] upon, fell victims to the [illegible] of Par Tube, [illegible] Moodie [illegible] fabricated [illegible] created [illegible] of his men, was now obliged to [illegible] the British [illegible] in Sierra Leone [illegible] [illegible] other [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

OFFICIAL.

ORDINANCES.

NO. II.

WHEREAS the vice of gambling is very [illegible] and destructive to the good moral of society, and has also a tendency to create riotous and disorderly conduct, therefore the Ayuntamiento of the Municipality of Austin, decrees the following:—

Art 1. Every description of gambling by cards, dice, machine or instrument including every description of hazard for money or property is hereby prohibited within the municipality of Austin, and any person who shall contravene this ordinance, by establishing or permitting to be established, any game of cards, dice or hazard of any description as aforesaid within their premises, shall be fined in a sum not less than fifty, nor more than one hundred and fifty dollars, besides a forfeiture of all the money implements or machines used for gambling. *Provided always*, that this article does not comprehend horse racing and billiard tables, which are subject to separate regulations.

Art. 2. All persons who shall violate this ordinance by gambling with cards, dice or any other instrument or machine, at hazard for money or property within this jurisdiction shall be fined for every offence, in a sum not less than fifty, nor more than one hundred and fifty dollars.

Art 3 All fines which, by virtue of the 1st and 2d articles of this ordinance, may accrue shall be recoverable before the Alcalde of this Municipality and applied to the public funds thereof: and all contravention of fines shall be be punishable with detention of the person of the convicted, at public labour at the rate of three dollars per diem, until the amount of said fine is totally satisfied, the cost of proceedings inclusive.

Approved, 13th September, 1830.

THOMAS BARNETT,
President.

JORGE FISHER, Sec. pro tem.
to the Ayuntamiento. sept. 18

NO. III.

WHEREAS the Municipality of Austin is at present without a jail, and destitute of the funds necessary to the erecting of one, and a safe mode of detaining persons charged with crimes to abide their trial being essential to the peace and security of society and whereas, the present mode of guarding persons charged with offences is very expensive—therefore, the Ayuntamiento of this Municipality decrees the following:—

Art. 1. That the [illegible] of said Municipality, be, and [illegible] hereby, [illegible] loan this Municipality [illegible] build-ing a [illegible] Fisher the Alcalde [illegible] paid in [illegible] together [illegible] manner, [illegible] public [illegible] of the same [illegible]

Art. 2. [illegible] for erecting [illegible] shall be allowed in the [illegible] to [illegible] Colorado River, [illegible] Prairie, [illegible] Bowles, [illegible]

[illegible] shall [illegible] Laor receipt, [illegible] the Ayuntamiento [illegible] shall [illegible] the [illegible] thereon, to be [illegible] ment of the Ayuntamiento, [illegible] cuse the [illegible] mentioned in the [illegible] articles of this ordinance.

Art 3. That Oliver Jones, Joseph H Bell William Morton, Martin Allen, Abner Kuykendall, William Pettis, and J P Coles, be, and they are hereby appointed to superintend the building of the jail contemplated by this ordinance.

Art. 4. That the treasurer of the jail fund, shall pay all the warrants drawn by the president of the Ayuntamiento in favor of the commissioners, who are authorized to contract for and superintend the building of the jail.

Approved, 13th September, 1830.

THOMAS BARNETT,
President.

JORGE FISHER, sec'ty pro tem.
of the Ayuntamiento. sept. 18.

NO. IV.

WHEREAS a number of town and out lots were sold by order of this Ayuntamiento, on the 6th day of March last, and for which payments ought to have been made by the 6th of the present month of September, and which payments have not been made in conformity with the terms of sale; therefore, it is ordered, That

Notice is hereby given, to all persons, who, on the day of sale before mentioned, purchased lots and have not complied with the terms of payment, that all such lots shall, on the 4th day of October next, be exposed to public sale, and sold for cash, on account of and for the benefit of the former purchasers, unless previously redeemed, and the Alcalde of this jurisdiction is hereby authorised to collect by regular process, from the former purchaser, any deficiencies, that may result in the difference of the price of said lots, if any, on the days of sale in March last and Oct. next. The sale to be conducted by the Alcalde.

Approved, 13th September, 1830.

THOMAS BARNETT,
President.

JORGE FISHER, sec'ty pro tem.
to the Ayuntamiento. sept. 18.

NO. V.

ARTICLE 1. Ordered by the Ayuntamiento of the Municipality of Austin, that all public roads be made thirty feet wide, and that the superintendents of roads be required to conform to this ordinance.

ARTICLE 2. That all male inhabitants resident no. in this municipality, and all such as may hereafter settle therein, be and they are hereby declared subject to work on the roads within their district, any number of days not exceeding twelve, per annum, to be fixed by a majority of the [illegible] for the performance of said work, [illegible] any person under a penalty of a fine [illegible] dollars of the labor, as in [illegible] said refused.

ARTICLE 3. The several articles of this ordinance embraces all male inhabitants of this municipality, between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, of all classes and conditions, who shall have resided one month within the same, previous to the day when the said labor shall be required of them. For all defaults incurred by slaves, their owners shall be responsible.

ARTICLE 4. That all fines accruing in contravention of this ordinance, be recoverable on verbal process before the alcalde of this jurisdiction, and the proceeds of the respective [illegible] of the fines, [illegible] all defaulters, within [illegible] districts, who are hereby required to make return to the alcalde of all [illegible] fines.

ARTICLE 5. That [illegible] Martin Allen, William Andrews, [illegible] Thomas Davis, be and they are [illegible] appointed supervisors of the roads [illegible] hours of the [illegible] all defaulters [illegible] to the [illegible] of the [illegible] purposes.

[illegible] Ayuntamiento.

[illegible] wise [illegible] Laor receipt, [illegible] the Ayuntamiento [illegible]

$50 REWARD,

FOR the apprehension and arrest, of a tall, [illegible] looking fellow, by the name Paul Dargle, who, after having [illegible] ordering [illegible] to [illegible] the [illegible] Colorado [illegible] and two other women who [illegible] personally called to see her, also stole [illegible] the Parish [illegible] Baton Rouge, State of Louisiana, on or about the 20th of May—thereby eluding the law, and the punishment that is justly [illegible] his offence. G. THOMPSON,

June 2nd 1830.

THE Medical board is regularly organised—applicants for licence can at any time convene a special meeting

J B. MILLER Sec'y.

[illegible] ember 6th 1830

Notice.

OWEN H. STOUT, is authorised to make collections, and to receive subscriptions for this Office. G. B. COTTEN.

Austin, Sept. 18, 1830.

E. T. JAQUES,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER,

SILVERSMITH AND JEWELLER

HAS commenced business in the town of San Felipe de Austin, and will be happy to serve its inhabitants and the public in general, in his line. July 3

DOCTORS

PEEBLES & MILLER

GRATEFUL for the liberal patronage they have heretofore received, in the method of informing their friends and the public, that they have just received a large general assortment of fresh and genuine

MEDICINES,

Also, a supply of *Fancies Muffins*, [illegible]

LAW NOTICE.

THE undersigned finds [illegible] friends for a renewal of [illegible] after his long absence from the [illegible] hopes from his general [illegible] his usual practice.

He may at all times be found [illegible] in Austin.

sept. 6 GREEN [illegible]

NOTICE

The [illegible] forms his [illegible] the public [illegible] that he has [illegible]

HOUSE

Entertainment

[illegible]

LOST

[illegible]

[illegible] AT THIS OFFICE